

INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION

SET B

SEPTEMBER 2019

CLASS 1X

Marking Scheme – SUBJECT[ENGLISH][THEORY]

Q.NO.	Answers	Marks (with split up)
1		8
1.1	<p>a) Wash hands with soap</p> <p>b) It is effective, remover germs</p> <p>c) Washing hands with soap</p> <p>d) Twice - before eating and after defecation</p> <p>e) Acute respiratory infections like pneumonia</p> <p>f) By providing awareness and knowledge about hand washing childhood transmission</p> <p>g) During childhood</p> <p>h) Transmission.</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>
2		12
2.1	<p>Some people are lucky to be taken care of at home whereas others may have to move to residential homes.</p> <p>b) We have such an aversion to ageing as many of us find it impossible to relate to these worrying facts, unable to face the reality that every day we inch ever closer to our own dotage.</p> <p>c) Grey power implies to many senior citizens who are in the possession of all their faculties and are well -off with money. Hence the government and business have a new</p>	<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p>

	found respect for them. d) Retirement is considered a time of freedom as one is free from worldly responsibilities and other duties	2
2.2	a) generous b) Well- off c) Pension d) Tumultuous	1 1 1 1
3	CONTENT-4 FORMAT-2 EXPRESSION-2	8
4	CONTENT-5 IMAGINATION-2 EXPRESSION-3	10
5	1. gathered 2.opened 3. felt 4. anticipated	4
6	a)Combination of hard b) Training and a c)Say that the d) Laugh the most	4
7	a). Obesity is the negative outcome of our improving socio-economic status and changing lifestyles. b) We eat unhealthy food and move lesser than ever before c) Obese children suffer both physical and mental problems d) School must provide an environment that promotes healthy eating habits.	4
8.	a). The daily routine of Kezia's father to visit his daughter's room , meet her and give her a kiss before leaving for work.	4

	<p>b) The daughter felt relief when the carriage went away from house.</p> <p>c) Her father.</p> <p>d) Responded</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Innisfree is a place where nature is beautiful, alive and full of life.</p> <p>b) The word is repeated in order to provide special emphasis on the importance of the speaker's determination to go to Innisfree.</p> <p>c) The poet plans to build a small house of clay to live in, enjoying the peace and beauty around</p> <p>LAKE ISLE OF INNISFREE . W B YEATES</p>	
9	<p>1. Albert Einstein's headmaster thought him to be stupid and good for nothing. He also told Einstein's father that whatever profession Einstein chose would not matter, because he would never amount to anything</p> <p>2. Margie had been given many tests in geography by the mechanical teacher, but there was no improvement in her performance. It only kept on worsening therefore Margie's mother sent for the County Inspector to find out the reason behind that</p> <p>3. The poet wants to be surrounded by the sounds of nature. Living in the glade with the sound of bees buzzing seems pretty awesome to him. He also longs to hear more soothing sounds of nature like the song of the cricket and the low sounds of lake water lapping by the shore</p> <p>4. Moments text pg. 9.. A great treat for Toto..... refuse to go on with his bath</p> <p>5. Mahendra was a junior supervisor in a firm. It offered on hire supervisors at various places of construction sites. These were factories, bridges, dams etc. His job was to supervise these activities at the work sites. So he kept moving from place to place now and then.</p> <p>6) Kezia's father was a hard working man but short tempered. He was a strict disciplinarian too. When Kezia's mother was hospitalized, Kezia realized that her father loved her but did not have the art of expressing</p>	8

	<p>her love.</p> <p>7) At the fair, the boy wanted many things. As he passed the sweetmeat seller, with his heap of coloured sweets, his mouth watered for his favourite sweet burfi. He wanted a garland of gulmohur flowers from the flower seller. He wanted to buy a balloon from the man selling balloons. He wanted to watch the snake charmer playing his flute for his snake and finally he wanted to go for a round on the roundabout.</p>	
10.	<p>Yes, I agree that schools today are more fun than the school in the story. In the story, there is no interaction among students regarding studies. Studying and answering questions seems to be a boring idea. Doing homework without anybody's help and writing them in a punch code would also be a tedious job. Moreover, children develop a better understanding about each other and of their surroundings when they go to a school and interact with each other. It is a healthier way of learning. Having teachers explaining lessons is always more interesting than reading the entire lesson on a mechanical computer. Moreover, if any student faces any problem with the subject or in homework, he can discuss it with the teacher and other kids. It is impossible to discuss problems and situations with a mechanical teacher that is only programmed to teach in a particular manner. The excitement of waiting to know the marks scored in exams is greater when one is sitting in a classroom with other students. It does not have the same effect when the marks are calculated immediately after each test, that too in a lonely room. Finally, the friends that you make at school are most probably the best friends that you will ever make in your entire life. The various qualities that you learn in school like obedience, respect, kindness for others, sharing, taking part in school games, sports, and other activities are all a part of school education today. Therefore, schools today are more fun than the school in the story as these are more interactive. Today's schools promote a healthy environment for the students to study and learn.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Film director Vijay Bhatt was so impressed after after hearing Bismillah play at a festival that he named a film after the instrument called 'Gunj Uthi</p>	8

	<p>Shehnai'. The film was a hit, and one of Bismillah's compositions turned out to be a nationwide chartbuster. He also became the first Indian to be invited to perform at the prestigious Lincoln Centre Hall in the U.S.A. He took part in the World Exposition in Montreal, in the Cannes Art Festival and in the Osaka Trade Fair. So well-known did he become internationally that an auditorium in Teheran was named after him – Tahar Mosiquee Ustaad Bismillah Khan.</p> <p>National awards like the Padmashri, the Padma Bhushan and the Padma Vibhushan were conferred on him. In 2001, he was awarded India's highest civilian award, the Bharat Ratna.</p>	
11	<p>a) The story 'The Lost Child' is based on child psychology. A child is curious by nature. He is attracted by beautiful things. He wishes to possess everything which looks attractive. However, he takes interest in these things only when he is in the company of his parents. But when he is lost, these things lose their charm for him. In this story, a child goes to a fair with his parents. He is attracted by different things. He wishes to buy balloons, sweets and garlands of gulmohur. He wishes to enjoy a ride in the roundabout. But suddenly he finds that his parents are missing. Now he starts weeping. A kind man tries to console him. He offers to buy him a number of things. But the child goes on weeping. He wants only his parents</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Iswaran is a cook. He is attached to Mahendra. He serves Mahendra like a servant. He cooks food for him. He washes his clothes. He acts like a television for Mahendra. He narrates stories to him. He makes them interesting by the art of narration. He is a store-house of stories. He has the capacity to get from nowhere strange food items.</p> <p>After Mahendra leaves for work, Iswaran tidies up the room. He enjoys a leisure bath. He reads Tamil thrillers. He dozes off after lunch. What is important is Iswaran's method of storytelling. He creates suspense by adding dramatic gestures. Thus Iswaran is an asset to Mahendra.</p>	10

[illegible]